



Additive manufacturing e tecnologie Cyber-physical per la MECcatronica del futuro



TECNOLOGIE PER L'INNOVAZIONE - INDUSTRIE 4.0

23-25 NOVEMBRE 2021

BOLOGNA FIERE



ALMA MATER STUDIORUM
UNIVERSITÀ DI BOLOGNA
CENTRO INTERDIPARTIMENTALE
DI RICERCA INDUSTRIALE
MECCANICA AVANZATA E MATERIALI



UNIMORE
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI
MODENA E REGGIO EMILIA

Centro Interdipartimentale per
la Ricerca Applicata e i Servizi nel Settore
della Meccanica Avanzata
e della Meccatronica INTERMECH



Progetto cofinanziato dalla Regione Emilia-Romagna (POR - FESR 2014 - 2020)



Regione Emilia-Romagna

Laboratories and innovation centers:

Project leader:



Partners:



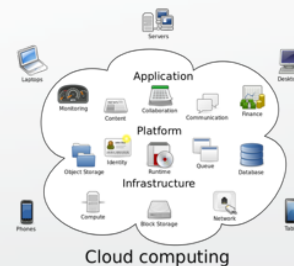
Industrial partners:



Premise

Industry 4.0 leads to innovation:

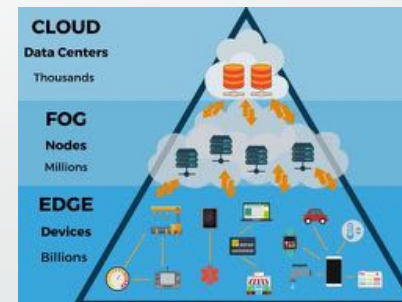
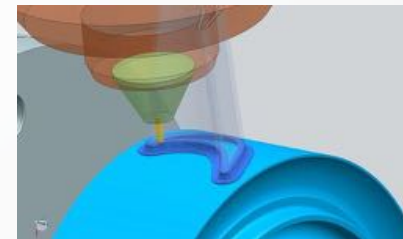
- **above mechatronics**
 - High levels of the industrial automation pyramid
 - IoT / Big data / Cloud / AI for the optimized process management
- **beside mechatronics**
 - Digital Twin
 - Functional design
 - Virtual Training
 - Predictive Maintenance



Project Goal

To develop innovative solutions for mechatronics:

- **Additive manufacturing** for innovative and customized mechanisms and actuators, leading to:
 - minimal material and energy consumption
 - sustainable production of small batches
- **Edge-computing-based Cyber-physical technologies** to enable the control algorithms for the proposed innovative structures





High-performance nonlinear mechanisms for automatic machines

Involved research teams:

- Structural design: team of Prof. Rocco Vertechy (UNIBO - DIN)
- Control design: team of Prof. Andrea Tilli, ACTEMA (UNIBO - DEI)

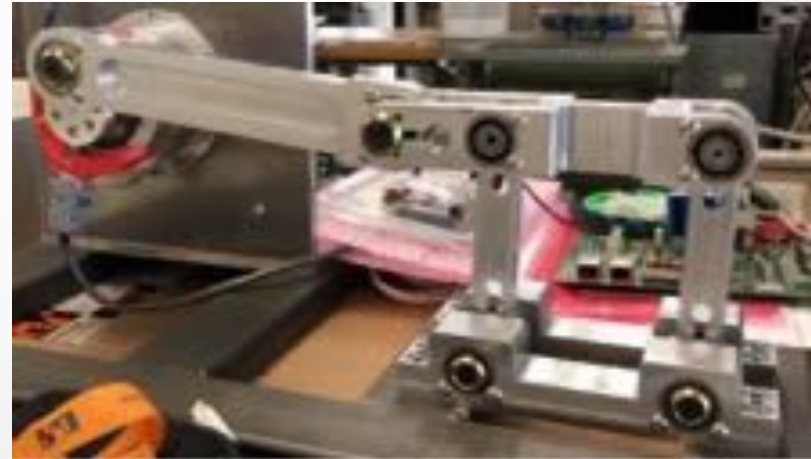


Servomechanisms for automatic machines

- Repetitive tasks
- Mechanisms subject to predominantly inertial loads

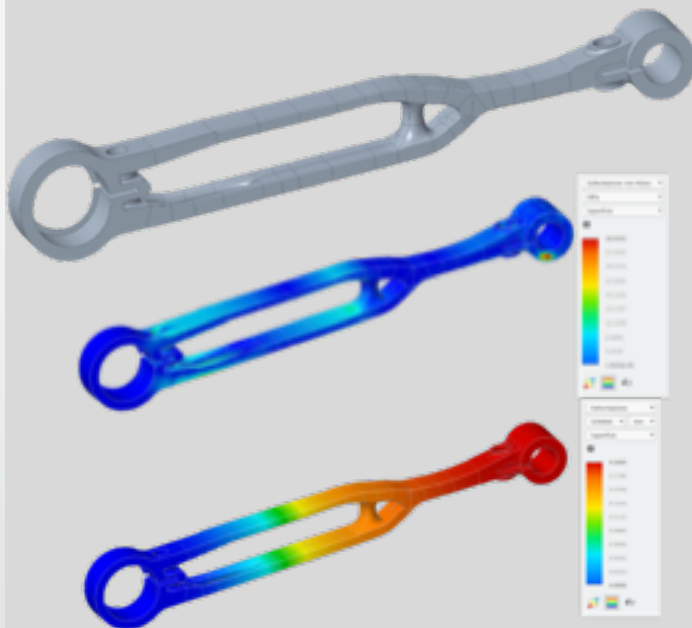
ACMEC Objectives:

- Optimization of the mechanical structure for **motor torque and vibration reduction**
- **Accurate tracking** through internal model and repetitive control.

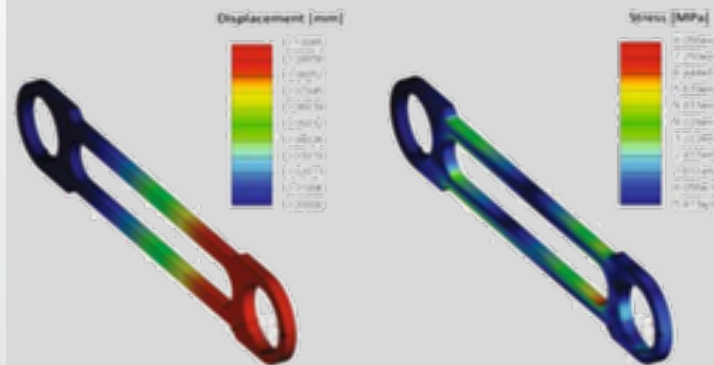
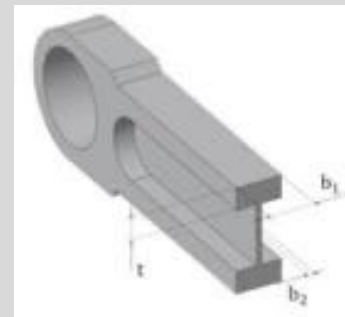


Structural optimization for motor torque reduction

**Topology optimization (TO) +
Additive Manufacturing Technologies
(AMT) CFRT-FDM**

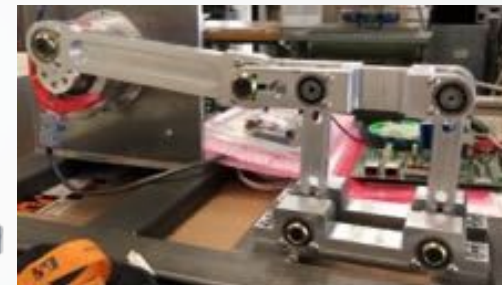
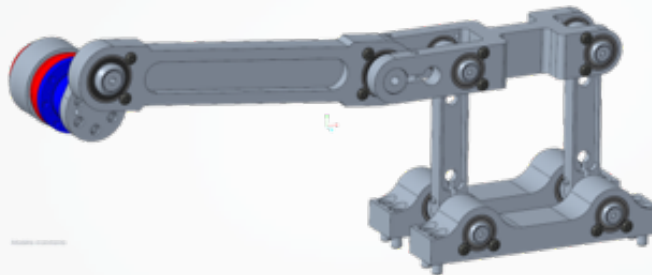


**Size optimization +
Material Subtractive Technologies
(MST)**

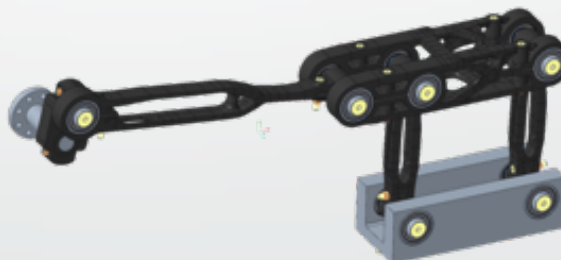


Topology optimization

Initial aluminum
structure:



Optimized 3-D
printed structure:



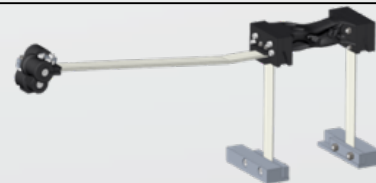
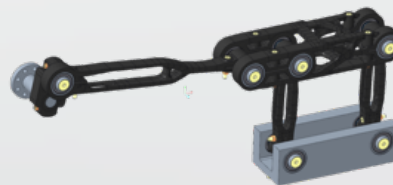
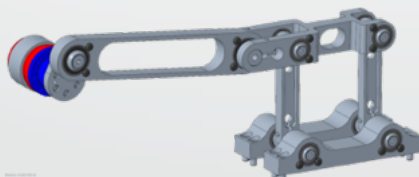
New approach for structural design

- FDM printing of **CFRT**
- **Replacement** of the majority of rigid links and traditional kinematic pairs with **compliant joints (flexible laminas)**
- **Mass reduction** for the bulky and stiff parts of the mechanism via **topology optimization**
- **Dimensioning** the **compliant joints** to make the mechanism operate in a "resonating" condition



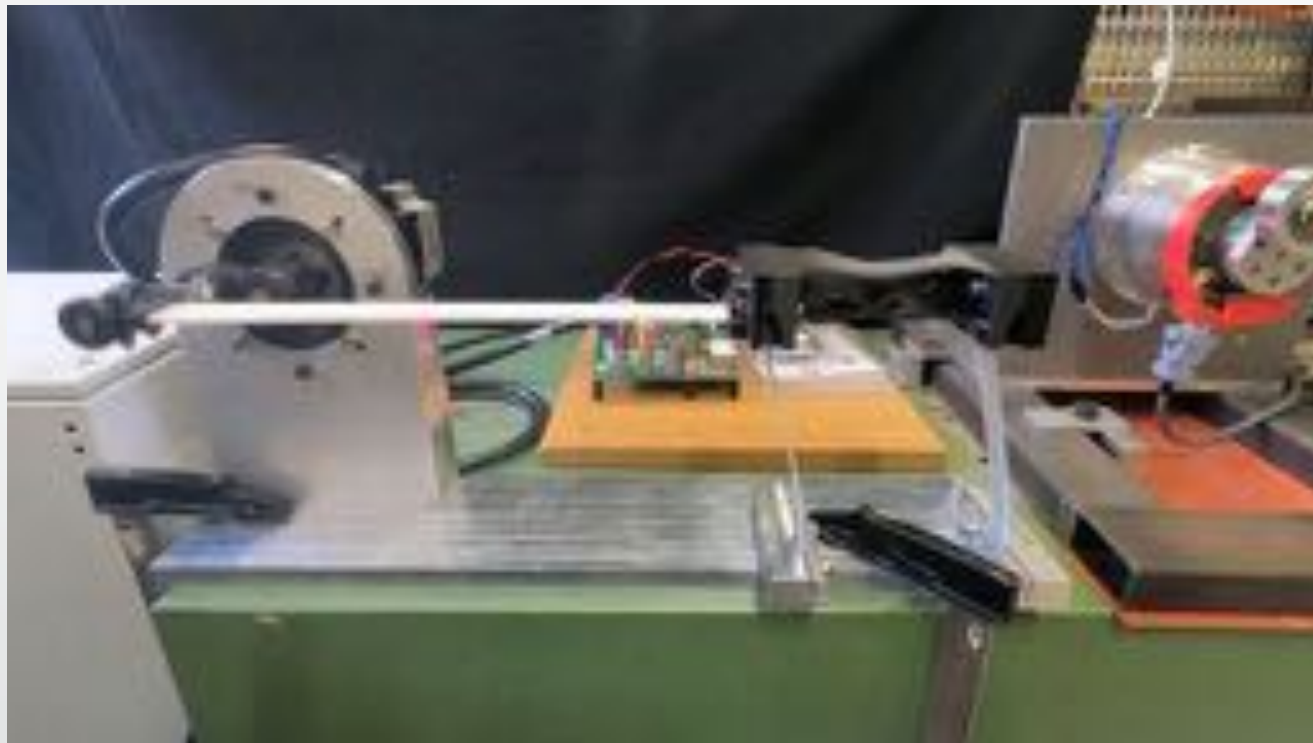
Torque comparison:

	SO	TO	Lamina
MT Peak Value [Nm]	2.5	2.1	0.3
Reduction	13%	27%	89%



Advanced control for accurate periodic motion

Repetitive, internal model, adaptive, and constrained techniques





Shape Memory Alloy Modeling and Actuators

Involved research teams:

- Structural design: team of Prof. Andrea Zucchelli (UNIBO - DIN)
- Control design: team of Prof. Andrea Tilli, ACTEMA (UNIBO - DEI)



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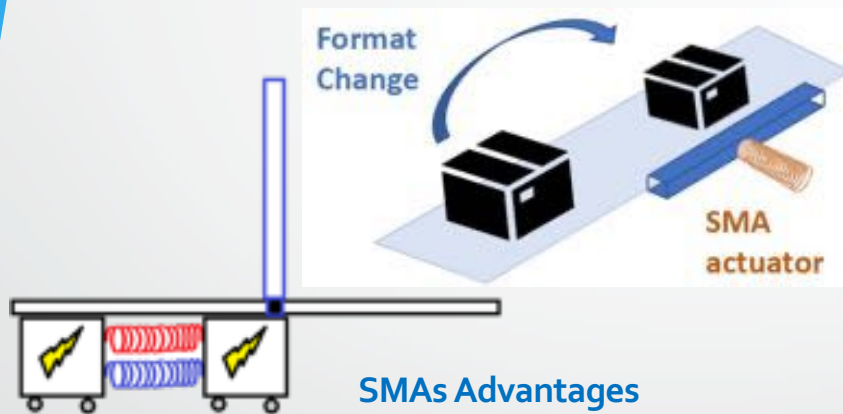
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e della Meccatronica INTEMECH



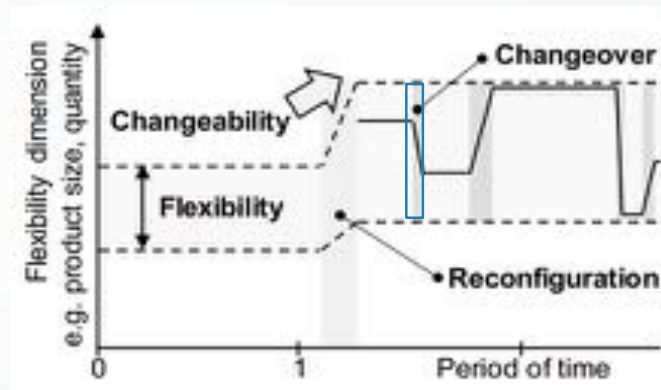
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A new actuation system for an Automatic and Smart Format Changeover



- Simple mechanical design
- High force to mass ratio



ACMEC Objectives

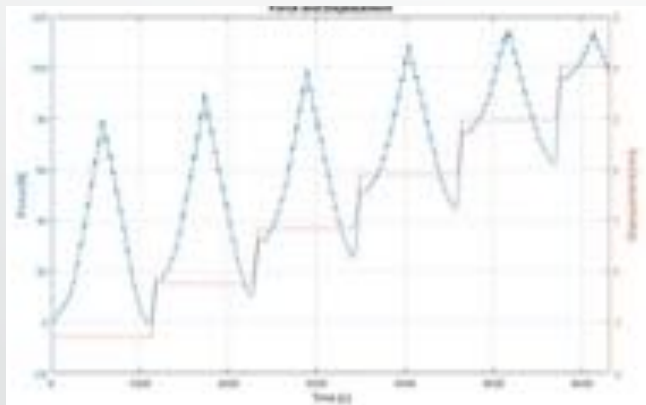
- Development of control strategies based on a **novel Constitutive Model** designed for the application
- Design of smart structural elements of automatic machines using **SMA integrated actuators and sensors**

SMA - How it works

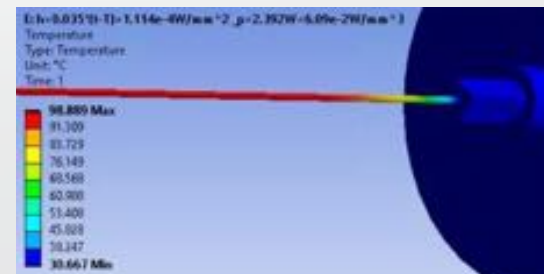
Modeling for control

- **LARDRIVE**
 - Temperature - Pt 100
 - Current (I,V)
 - MTS I/O
- **MTS**
 - Force LoadCell - S-type
 - Displacement
- **External**
 - Temp. distribution Thermocamera

Results



FEM



SMA - Prototype

Large Displacements Actuator Alternating Locomotion System





Optimized design of a synchronous reluctance machine rotor

Activities of the electric machines research group (UNIBO - DEI)

- Ing. Giacomo Sala
- Ing. Gabriele Rizzoli
- Prof. Michele Mengoni
- Prof. Luca Zarri
- Prof. Angelo Tani



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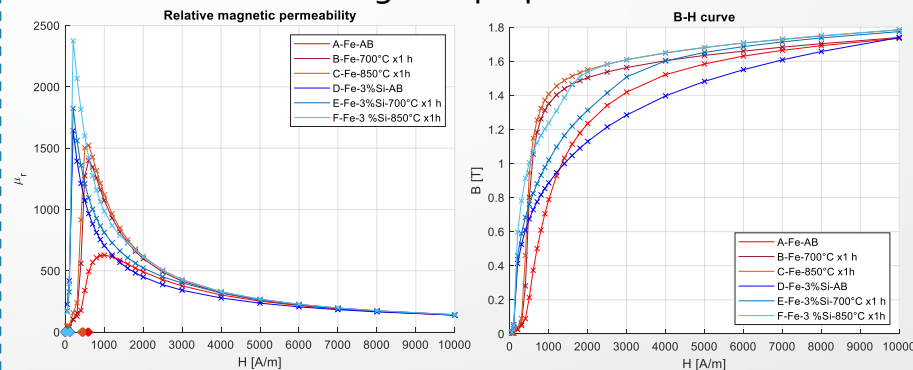
Electromagnetic characterization

Magnetic samples with primary and secondary coils for measurements.



IEC 60404-4: Magnetic materials - Part 4: Methods of measurement of d.c. magnetic properties of iron and steel.

d.c. magnetic properties



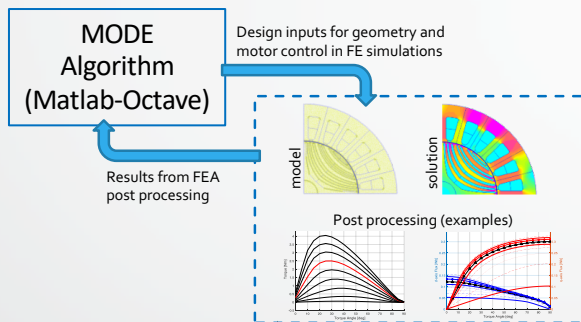
a.c. magnetic properties

Fe	Res (Ω m)	FeSi - 3%	Res (Ω m)
A	7.65E-08	D	2.83E-07
C	7.02E-08	F	2.70E-07

Indirect evaluation of material resistivity.

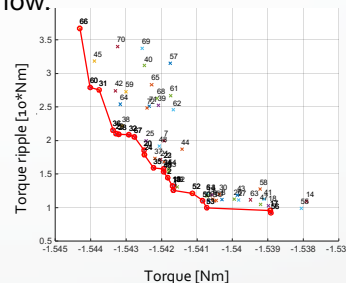
Electromagnetic design

Design mainly based on the use of the open source software Syr-e and Femm4.2.



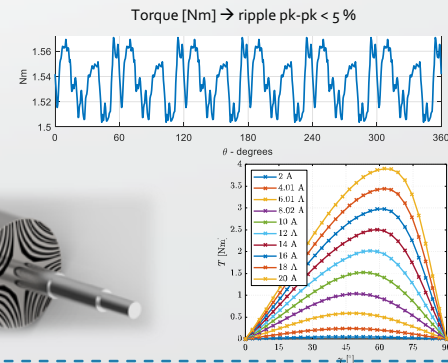
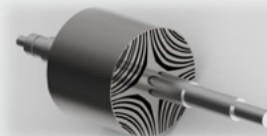
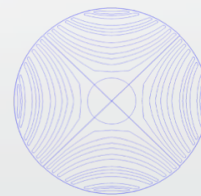
MODE (Multi-Objective Differential Evolution) optimization algorithm. Optimization based on Finite Element non-linear simulations.

Optimization results: example of selected motors in one step of the design workflow.



Local search of the optimum motor layout is obtained with a reduced range of parameter values around the optimal of the global search.

Prototype layout





Study of materials for additive manufacturing of mechatronic systems

Activities of the metallurgy research group
(UNIBO - DIN)

- Prof. Lorella Ceschini
- Ing. Lavinia Tonelli
- Ing. Mattia Zanni



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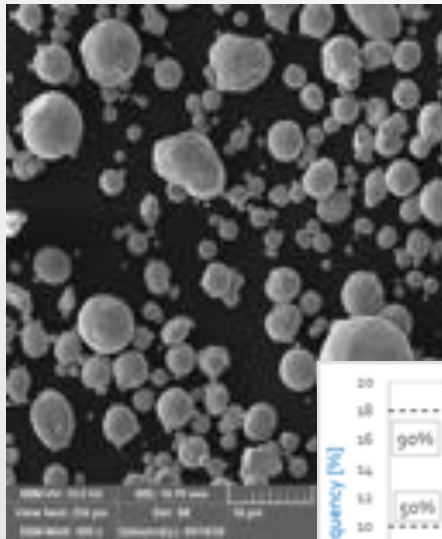
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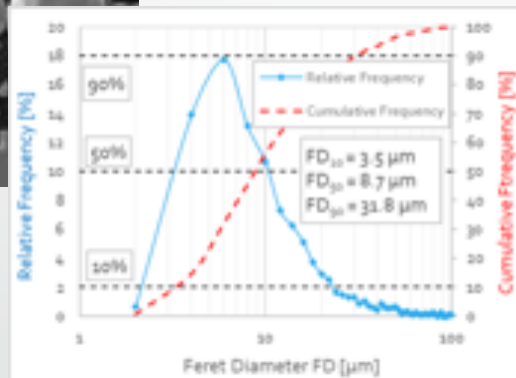
Regione Emilia-Romagna

Characterization of dusts for SLM:

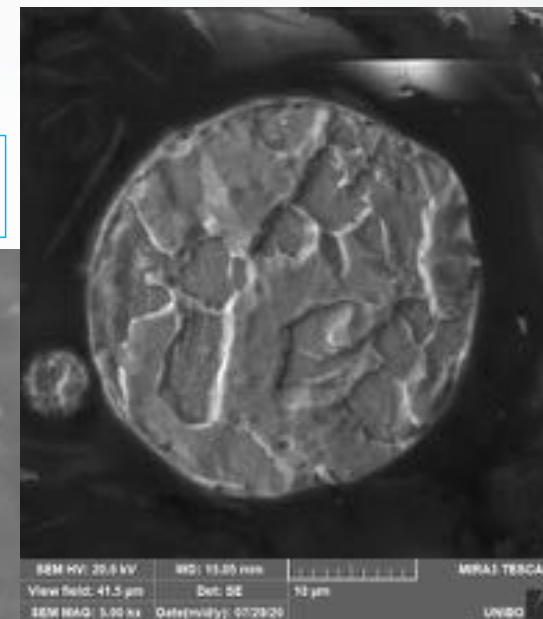
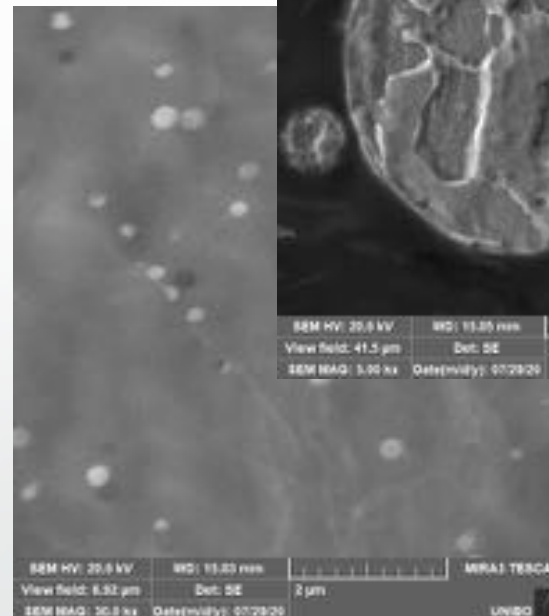
- Pure iron
- Fe- 3wt.%Si



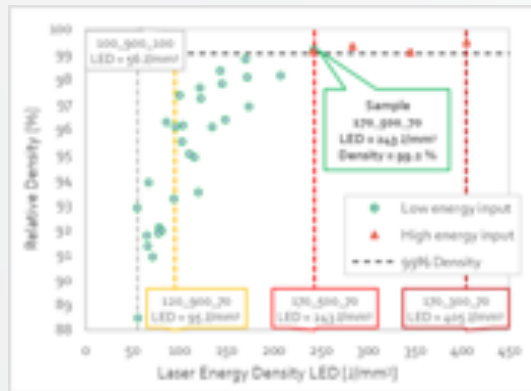
Morphology
and size



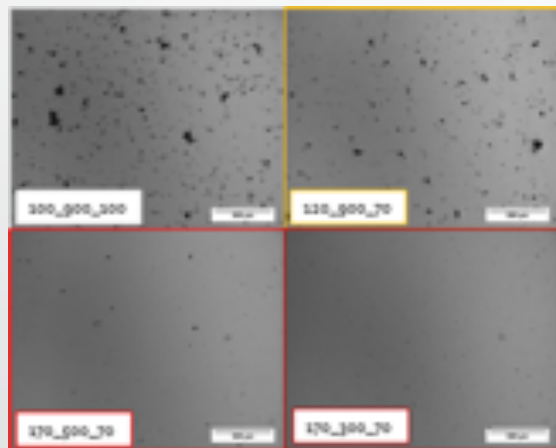
Microstructural
analysis



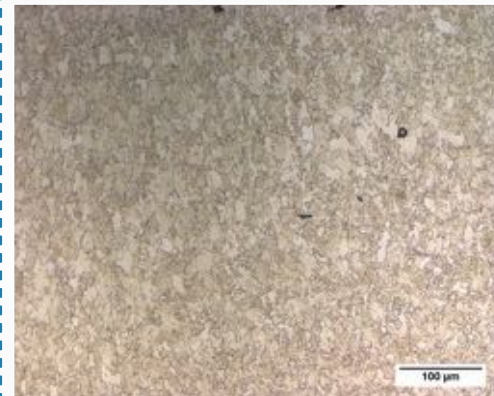
Effects of SLM process parameters on density



Size and morphology of defects:



Microstructures in the as-built state



Pure iron

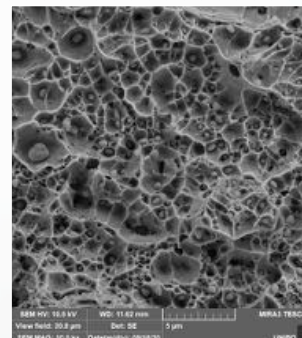
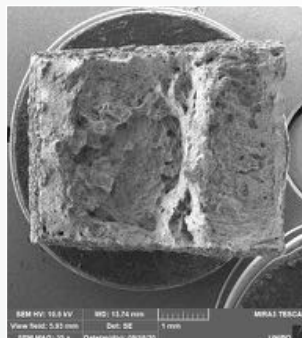
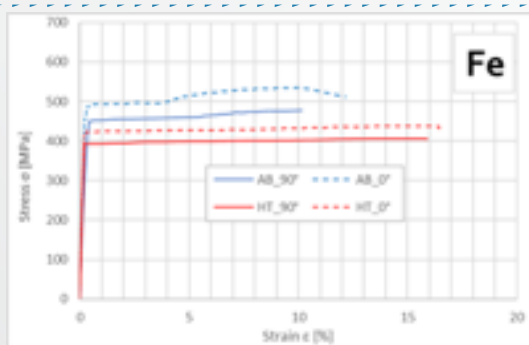
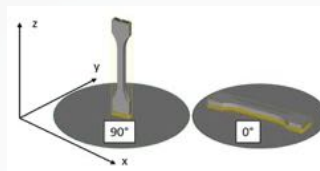
- Fine and equiaxed Fe-α grains
- Average size: $\approx 5 \mu\text{m}$
- Isotropic structure



Fe-3wt.%Si

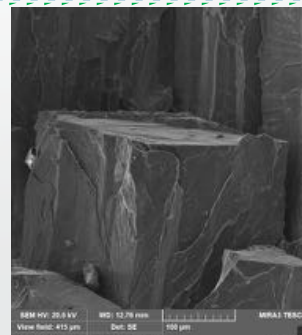
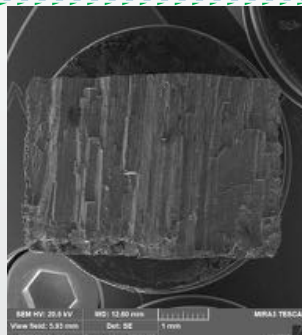
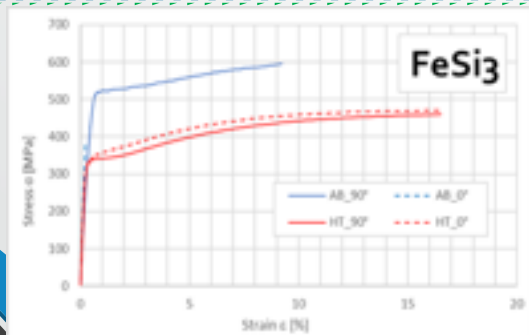
- Coarse columnar Fe-α grains
- Grain length $\gg 100 \mu\text{m}$
- Anisotropic structure

Traction behavior of the of as-built (AB) state and after the heat treatment (850 °C for 1 h, HT), along different growth directions



Pure iron

- High resistance
- Ductile fracture
- Slight anisotropy
- Small resistance reduction and ductility increase after the heat treatment



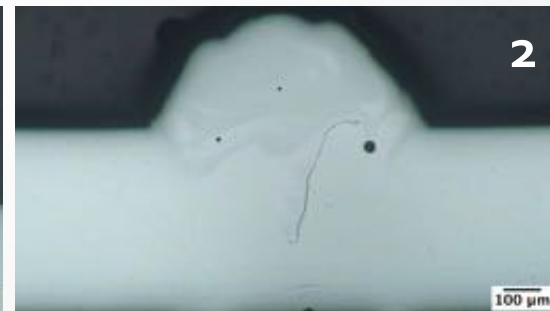
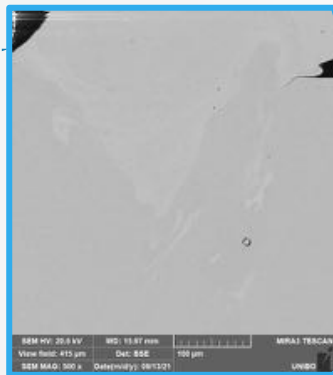
Fe- 3wt.%Si

- High resistance but brittle fracture in the as-built state
- Significant resistance reduction after the heat treatment, but ductile behavior
- High anisotropy of mechanical properties

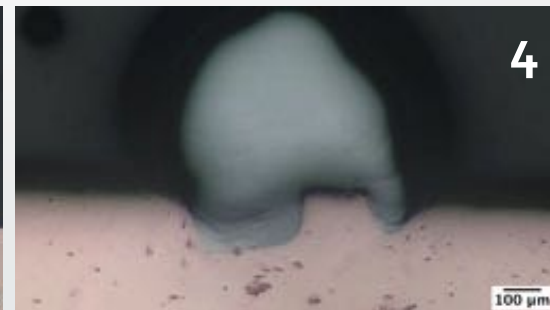
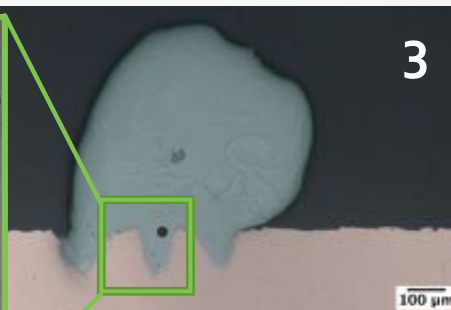
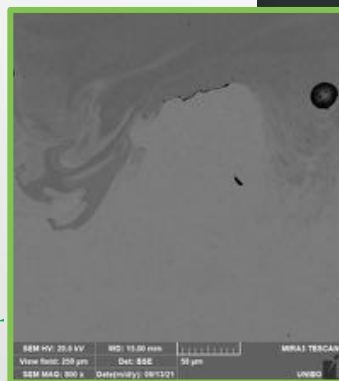
Microstructural characterization of laser welding of Shape Memory Alloys (SMA) NiTi with substrates:

- Austenitic stainless steel 304L
- Pure copper

SMA + 304L



SMA + Cu





Additive manufacturing technologies for synchronous reluctance machine rotors

Activities of the technology research group
(UNIBO - DIN)

- Prof. Alessandro Fortunato
- Ing. Giuseppe Valli



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INNOVATION VALUE

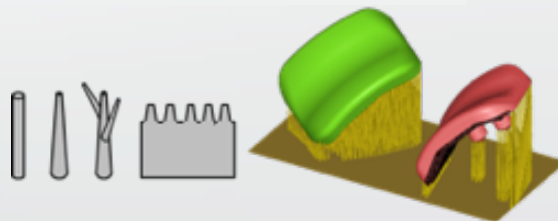
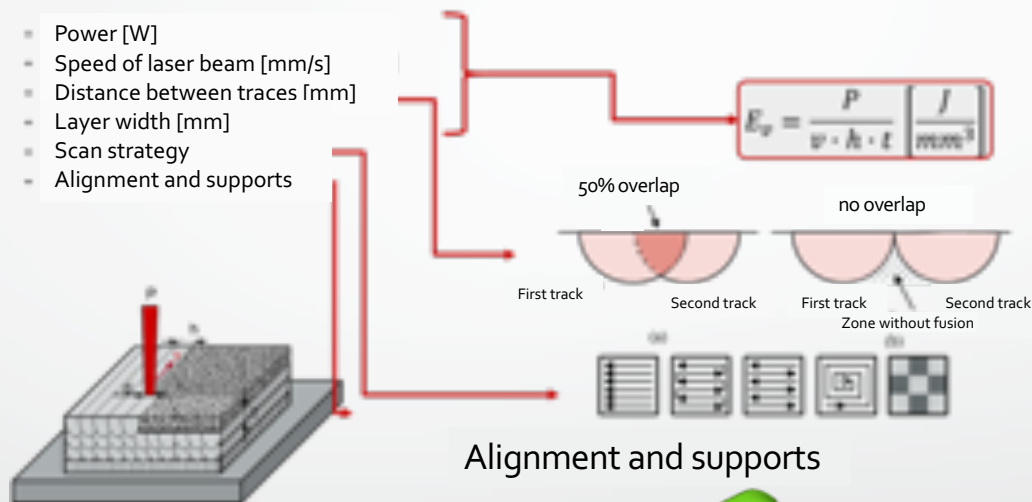
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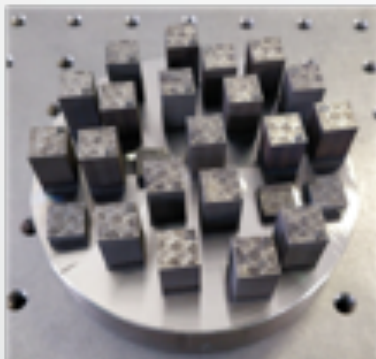
Study and optimization of LPBF process parameters

- Power [W]
- Speed of laser beam [mm/s]
- Distance between traces [mm]
- Layer width [mm]
- Scan strategy
- Alignment and supports



Sample realization for the mechanic and magnetic characterization

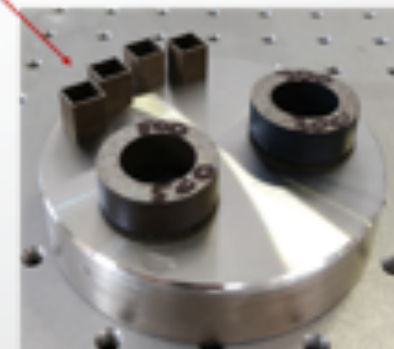
Parallelepipeds for density, hardness, and roughness analysis



Toroids for magnetic characterization



Thin surfaces

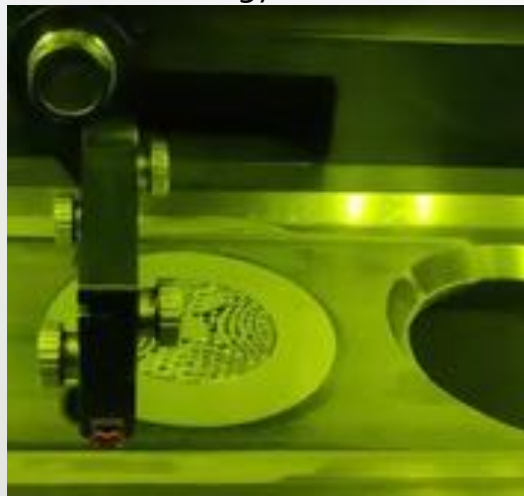


Dog bone samples for static traction tests



Rotor production and treatment

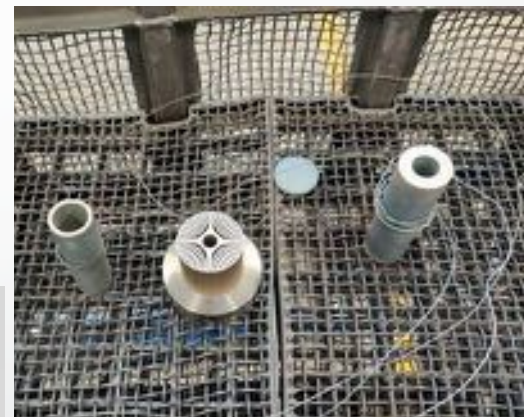
Production through LPBF technology



Finite product assembly



Heat treatment*



*Using furnaces of SACMI



Activities of the ACTEMA research group
(UNIBO - DEI)

- Coordinated by Prof. Andrea Tilli

High-performance edge-
computing platform for
next-generation
mechatronics



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ACMEC-Drive, 48V Multi-Axes Edge-Computing-Enabled Electric Drive

Idea:

- To exploit innovative edge-computing processors
 - Pros: high computational power and flexibility
 - Cons: no-RT or soft-RT
- To move toward high-freq MOSFET: GaN

Main features:

- **Computation & Communication Unit (CCU):**
 - Dual-Core ARM Cortex-A7 @ 800MHz
 - Single-Core ARM Cortex-M4 @ 209MHz
 - EtherCAT Slave + GbEthernet (EtherCAT Master)
 - XMI (External) Interface
 - 4xUSB Hub, 1xUSB Host, 1x HDMI, 1x CAN
- **Up to 6 Actuation Units (AU) - three-phase + brake:**
 - Operating DC-Link voltage: 24 ... 48 V
 - Nominal Single-Phase current: 20 Arms
 - Peak Single-Phase current: 100 Apeak
- **Backplane for power distribution and high-speed hard-RT interfacing**



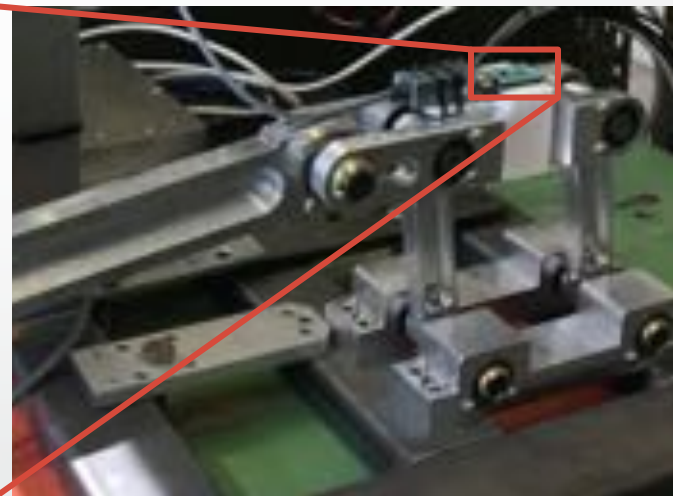
The ACMEC-Drive CCU is the Master of the ACMEC-Drive:

- Taking advantage of SOMs for IoT / HMI devices
- STM32MP157F/A Dual-Core MPU + Single-Core MCU:
 - 1xCortex-M4 @ 209 MHz
 - Rich set of Connectivity Peripherals
 - 2xCortex-A7 @ 800 MHz (650MHz A-Variant)
 - Non Real-Time OpenST Linux
 - Rich set of High-Level features
 - 1xVivante-GPU @ 533 MHz
 - Linux drivers to power HMI features
- CHANGE ITS ORGANIZATION PARADIGM:
 - Cortex-M4
 - Board and Real Time master by our RTOS AEON-RT
 - 1Cortex A7 Linux
 - Non-RT services
 - 1Cortex A7 bare-metal
 - Computation-slave for high performance control
 - Jailhouse hypervisor and other elements to avoid L2-cache interference



XMI Expansion Interface, connecting the ACMEC-Drive CCU to **multiple external devices** through a **10Mbps Hard Real-Time ACTEMA Proprietary Bus** with **Power Delivery** (12V, 36W)

- Deployment of distributed 5KHz Sample Rate 6DoF IMUs (XMI boards in photo)



**Inertial Measurement Unit developed by
Romagna Tech**

ACMEC-Drive AU, GaN Based Electric Drive for three-phase motors with brake configurable to four independent half-bridges:

- Single-Core ARM Cortex-M4 @ 180MHz with CORDIC DSP
- Operating DC-Link voltage: 24 ... 48 V
- GaN Nominal Half-Bridge current: 20 Arms
- GaN Peak Single-Phase current: 100 Apeak
- GaN Power Stage Switching (PWM): > 200 KHz
- 2 Encoder Slots supporting BISS-C, SSI, ABZ Incremental
- XMI, USB-Serial, USB-FS Device/Host and CAN Bus Intf.s
EtherCAT Slave Stack DSP402 (AoE, MDP, CoE)
 - For STAND-ALONE applications

